

Learning DigiShow



Common Operations

Robin Zhang and Labs 2025

Management of Signal Link Table

Management of Signal Link Table

signal bars in the table, such as: moving, copying, renaming, classifying, etc.

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Right-click on the signal bar (or long-press the left mouse button) to pop up a menu, select a menu item:

Rename to rename the signal bar Bookmark to bookmark the signal bar Duplicate to make a copy of the bar Delete to delete the signal bar Select to enter the mode for selecting multiple signal bars Copy / Paste to copy and paste the signal bar



When the signal link table contains many signal bars, it is necessary to frequently organize the

Multiple Signal Bar Selection

After entering the multi-select mode, you can copy, move, and delete signal bars in batches.



Pipe Note 5

MIDI Note Ch6 : G1

PFM Out 1 : **DO7**

DMX Ch24

DMX Ch21 Right-click the signal bar and select "Select..." in the pop-up menu to enter the multi-select mode. A check box will appear on the left side of each signal bar, and a function button bar will appear at the bottom of the signal link table. Click one of the buttons:

Select All to check all signal bars in the table Select None to uncheck any signal bar in the table Copy to copy the checked signal bars, and then you can paste them to other locations in the table or to the signal link table in another project window Duplicate to make copies of the checked signal bars Delete to delete the checked signal bar Move to move the checked signal bar to the position below the currently selected signal bar

Click × button to exit the multi-select mode



Signal Bar Bookmark

When a large number of signal bars need to be grouped and classified, we can use the bookmark function to achieve it flexibly.

Right-click the signal bar and select Bookmark in the popup menu. A small red dot will appear on the left end of the signal bar, indicating that the signal bar has been bookmarked.

Usually you can create some blank signal bars in the table to separate signal bars of different categories in the table, and add text labels by naming the signal bars.



	0	→•	
		Main Light	
		Water Light	
		Hue	nation utput
		TV	
Hue		Laser Light	
		Others	ht 5
HOLD	ТАР		Brightness
Hue - Desktop Light			
	ТАР	0%	Light 4 Brightness
HOLD		оит	\sim
Hue - Ambient Light			
			Destination
			no output → ■■
•			
TV			
		off	Media Clip Show
HOLD		ουτ	

When a signal bar in the table is bookmarked, this bookmark button will appear in the top bar of the window. Click it and all the bookmark items will be listed in the pop-up menu.

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Select one of them to quickly jump to the corresponding position of the bookmark in the signal link table.



Keyboard, Sound Card and Screen

Computer Built-in Interface

While the DigiShow software has the ability to communicate with external hardware devices for input and output, it also has built-in interfaces to support the computer's own keyboard, sound card and screen. Although these interfaces are not the key features of DigiShow, they are often used for testing and experiments.



Hot Key Interface Audio Input Interface





Screen Presentation Interface

Hot Key - Signal Input

In any DigiShow project, the Hot Key interface can be used to receive the binary signal corresponding to the keyboard input. Set the input end of the signal bar to Hot Key. When the user presses the specified single key or shortcut keys on the keyboard, the state of the input signal end will turn ON, and the state will return to OFF after releasing the key.

Key A	on IN	1	LINK	Þ	_		HOLD	ТАР	100% OUT	255	DMX Ch1
						Untitled Link 1					
Shift + Ctrl A	off	0	LINK				HOLD	ТАР	0%	0	DMX Ch1
	IN								OUT		\sim
						Untitled Link 1					

Shift-Ctrl-A Once DigiShow is started, hotkey response has the highest priority of the operating system. No matter which foreground application you are using on your computer, DigiShow will preempt the keystrokes received.



Audio Input - Interface Configuration

Audio input can come from the computer's built-in microphone or a microphone (or pickup, line input, etc.) connected via an external USB sound card. Users can add audio input interfaces to the current project in the Audio section of the Interface Manager.

Audio Input Interfaces

DigiShow is able to measure the audio input level from microphone, instrument or line input.

Audio In 1		Audio In 2
Audio Input Device USB Audio Device	↓	Audio Input Device MacBook Air Microphone
		Default
		USB Audio Device
		MacBook Air Microphone
		WeMeet Audio Device

DigiShow can support multiple audio inputs at the same time, such as connecting multiple patch microphones through multiple USB sound cards to simultaneously receive vibration trigger signals from different sources.



Audio Input - Signal Input

In the signal link table, set the input end of the signal bar to Audio Input. When the computer recognizes the level change of the audio input, the analog value of the input signal end will change.



the audio input into MIDI Note signals.

When the value of the audio input analog signal is between the input lower and upper limits, the output Note velocity will correspond to the value range defined in the output lower and upper limits.

Screen Presentation - Interface Configuration

The screen presentation interface provided by DigiShow allows you to dynamically display media content such as pictures, videos, and web pages on the computer screen through control commands. Users can add a screen presentation interface to the current project in the Screen section of the Interface Manager.

Screen Presentations

DigiShow enables to accept control signals for presenting videos, pictures and web contents on multiple screens.

Screen 1	Screen 2	×
Screen	Screen	
#1	 #2 None	—
	#1 (1920x1080)	
	#2 (1470x956)	

Each screen presentation interface can be assigned to a different screen

DigiShow can support multiple screens at the same time, such as playing synchronized video images or dynamic web content through multiple projectors at the same time.



Screen Presentation Signal Output

In the signal link table, set the output end of the signal bar to Screen. We can achieve dynamic adjustment of screen parameters and flexible display of media content by connecting a series of control channels.

		Red		
		Green	-	1
		Blue		
Screen #1		White		
Backlight	¢	White	¢	

When the signal bar output is set to Screen interface and Backlight mode, you can select four analog channels of red, green, blue and white to adjust the background color of the screen.



After the signal bar output is set to Media Clip mode, you can click the File... button to select a media file for screen display, or directly enter the address of a dynamic web page for screen display in the text box. Then you can select control channels such as Show or Hide to connect to binary type signal output; you can also select control channels such as Opacity, Scale, etc. to connect to analog type signal output.

In this example, moving the fader can 2 adjust the white brightness of the screen background. Backlight 40% 103 White HOLD TAP \mathcal{M} OUT Backlight In this example, click TAP A to play the specified media clip on the screen. Media Clip off Show HOLD TAP OUT PLAY Media Clip off **Hide All** HOLD TAP OUT STOP



media clip to be displayed in the pop-up panel.

Show Alone

Only the specified media clip is displayed on the screen, that is, once the clip is displayed, any other media clips that have appeared on the screen before will be hidden.

Repeat

For video media, you can specify whether to play in a loop.

Volume (video playback volume) Speed (video playback speed) Position (video playback position) These parameters are used to set various playback properties of video-type media clips when they appear on the screen.

After finishing modifying the options, click anywhere outside the options panel to close the panel. Also click the Apply button at this time.



Preset Launcher

Preset Launcher

= +	LINK				Т
					L
Preset 1	Preset 2	Preset 3	Preset 4	Preset 5	P
Preset 6	Preset 7	Preset 8	Preset 9	Preset 10	Р
Preset 11	Preset 12	Preset 13	Preset 14	Preset 15	S
Preset 16	Preset 17	Preset 18			tł
Preset 21	Preset 22	Preset 23	Preset 24	Preset 25	



The user can memorize the signal output values and INK status of each signal bar into the selected Preset. Each Preset corresponds to a button in the Preset Launcher. When the button is clicked, the ignal output values and LINK status memorized in the Preset will be restored immediately.

The preset launcher also provides a signal interface that can be connected to the output of the signal bar and use other linked signals to trigger the launch of a specific preset.



Create Preset

In the Preset Launcher panel, select a Preset button, right-click (or long-press the left mouse button), and select Create Preset from the pop-up menu.



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Click this button in the top bar to display the Preset Launcher panel

Create several signal bars in the signal link table. In this example, there are three signal bars Light R, Light G, and Light B, which are used to control the red, green, and blue dimming channels of the full-color light.

Create Preset

Click the Save Preset button to save the selected items in Preset 1.

In this example, the output of the three dimming channels of the three signal bars Light R, Light G, and Light B are memorized in the preset.



These checkboxes are used to mark the LINK states that need to be memorized.

Click the Check All / Check None button in the pop-up box to quickly check in batches

Check All Check all signal output items Check None Do not check any signal output items

Check All Check all LINK items Check None Do not check any LINK items

Please check the items in the signal bar that you want to memorize into the Preset

These checkboxes are used to mark output signal values that need to be memorized.

Create Preset





After modifying the output signal value in each signal bar, use the same method to memorize this output signal value to another preset named Preset 2. Click the right mouse button (or long press the left mouse button) and select Rename or Set Color in the pop-up menu to rename or change the color of the Preset button.



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For easier identification, you can change the name and button color for Preset 1 and Preset 2.

Click the button to restore the memorized signal output.

Preset Launcher Interface

also appears in the signal channel of the Preset Launcher interface.



Select the Preset Launcher interface at the output end of the signal bar, and the presets you created before will be listed as a group of control channels. Select one of them, and it will be mapped to a binary output signal to trigger the start of this preset.

The Preset you created not only appears on the button in the Preset Launcher panel, but

Key A	on IN	1	LINK	Þ	—		HOLD	ТАР	on OUT	1	Launcher Preset 1
						Preset 1					
Key B	off	0	LINK		-		HOLD	ТАР	off	0	Launcher Preset 2
	IN					Preset 2			out		

In this example, press key A on the keyboard to activate Preset 1, and press key B on the keyboard to activate Preset 2.

In this way, the signal bar with Preset Launcher output can also be referenced by other Presets to achieve more complex multi-level triggering.



Beat Maker

Beat Maker can be used to generate time-based beat signals in DigiShow software. Beats can be used as signal input to trigger various dynamic signal outputs.



Click this button in the top bar to display the Beat Maker panel Link ? 151 : 2 Sound When this button is turned - 4 + ON, the Beat Maker will keep the beat in sync with Ableton Click this button to ON, Live and any external software or hardware that it will beep when 5 6 supports Ableton Link. beating.

You can follow the beat of the music and click the Tap button several times to automatically calculate the BPM.



Beat Maker Interface

In the signal link table, the interface provided by the beat maker can be set as the input end of the signal link. When the beat maker is enabled, the generated beat will be continuously and periodically sent out from the signal bar input end in the form of a Note signal, thereby driving the signal change of the linked output end.

Select the Beat Maker interface at the input end of the signal bar



Set the beat number for which the beat maker emits a beat note signal in each loop Set how long the note signal should last (in beats)



As in this example, the note generated by the beat maker drives the light to continuously alternate between light and dark (breathing light).

Beat Maker Interface

The interface provided by the beat maker can also be set as the output end of the signal link, which is used to dynamically change the setting parameters of the beat maker according to the changes of the linked input signal.

Select the Beat Maker interface at the output end of the signal ba



Select the control channel:

BPM Change Dynamically change the BPM number by an analog signal Quantum Change Dynamically change the number of beats per measure by an analog signal

Run ON Start/stop the beat maker by a binary signal

Link ON Start/stop Ableton Link sync by a binary signal

Tap Trigger the tap action by a binary signal for dynamic BPM calculation

ìr							
	MIDI Note Ch1 : C1	0% IN	LINK		HOLD TAP	off OUT	 Beat Maker Tap
				Untitled Link 1			

In this example, the input MIDI Kick drum note dynamically triggers the beat maker's TAP action, thereby dynamically updating the BPM speed.



Summary

- Learn to manage signal bars in the signal link table
- Learn to use the interfaces of keyboard, sound card, and screen
- Learn to use Preset Launcher
- Learn to use Beat Maker